## NOAA Wallops CDA Station GOES Data Collection System

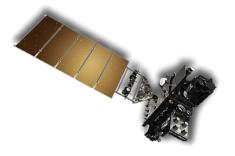


# **GOES Spacecraft Constellation**

- GOES-16: Prime East S/C @ 75.2° W Longitude
   ➤ Replaced G13, 18 Dec, 2017
- GOES-15: Prime West S/C @ 135° W Longitude
- GOES-14: Storage @ 105° W Longitude
  - Currently supporting EMWIN & LRIT
- GOES-13: Storage @ 60° W Longitude
  - ➤ Arrived 31 Jan, 2018
- GOES-17: Parked @ 89.5° W Longitude for testing
  - Scheduled to replace G15 late 2018 @ 137° W



## **GOES 16**

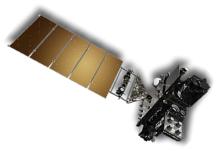


- NOAA's newest geostationary satellite series replaced GOES 13 at 75° West,18 Dec, 2017.
- Reminder: The GOES R satellite series frequency plan is different from the plan currently in use by the GOES 14 and 15 satellites. GOES DRGSs supported the GOES East (GOES 13) DCS downlink in the frequency range of 1694.30 to 1694.70 MHz. The GOES R series satellites uses 1679.70 to 1680.10 MHz to support the DCS downlink.
- Note that the GOES 16 frequency plan changes do NOT affect the Data Collection Platform (DCP) UHF-Band uplink transmissions, only the L-Band downlink to NOAA and the DRGSs.
- There are NO frequency changes in the DCS DOMSAT Ku-Band service.
- http://www.goes-r.gov





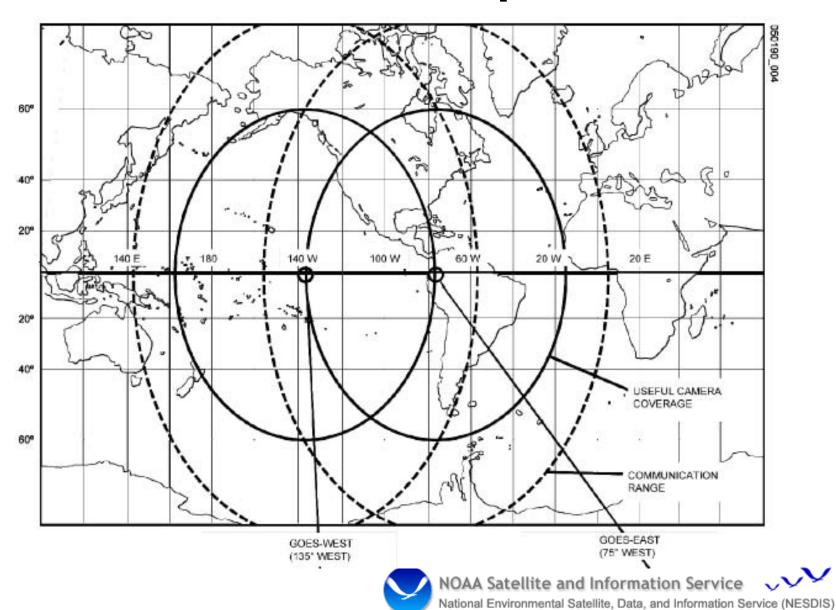
## **GOES 17**



- NOAA's newest geostationary satellite, GOES S, was successfully launched 1 March. Orbit raising maneuvers are scheduled to bring the satellite into geostationary orbit at 89.5° West, around 18 March. Once in geostationary orbit, GOES 17 will undergo a period of checkout and validation, moving to the GOES West operational position in late 2018. (NOAA press release, 1 March: https://www.nesdis.noaa.gov/GOES-R-Series-Satellites).
- Reminder: The GOES R satellite series frequency plan is different from the plan currently in use by the GOES 14 and 15 satellites. GOES DRGSs currently support the GOES West (GOES 15) DCS downlink in the frequency range of 1694.30 to 1694.70 MHz. The GOES R series satellites will use 1679.70 to 1680.10 MHz to support the DCS downlink. GOES DCS users will need to modify their DRGSs to accommodate this change in downlink frequency, to be able to support GOES 17, later this year.
- Note that the GOES 17 frequency plan changes do NOT affect the Data Collection Platform (DCP) UHF-Band uplink transmissions, only the L-Band downlink to NOAA and the DRGSs.
- http://www.goes-r.gov



## **GOES Footprints**



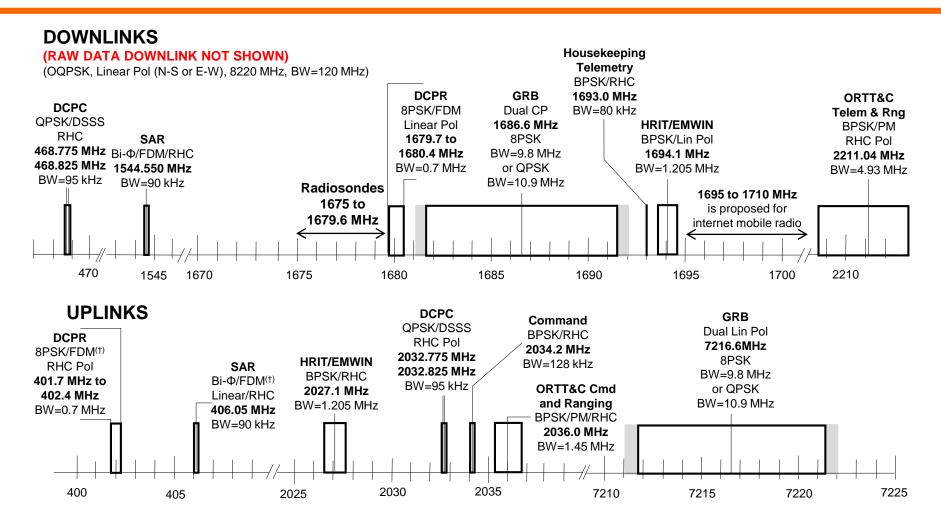
# DCPR Changes for GOES-R

- On the GOES-N/O/P satellites the DCPR downlink band is 1694.3 – 1694.7 MHz
  - The uplink Pilot at 401.85 MHz is translated to 1694.45 MHz in the existing downlink
- For the GOES-R series satellites the DCPR downlink band will be 1679.7 – 1680.1 MHz
  - The uplink Pilot at 401.85 MHz will be translated to 1679.85 MHz in the new downlink
- No DCP uplink frequencies will change from the GOES-N to GOES-R satellites – only the downlinks





# **GOES R Frequency Plan**



NOTES  $\pm$ : DCPR (8PSK) and SAR (Bi- $\Phi$ ) are individual uplinks FDM'ed in the spacecraft transponder.

: Indicates possible extra GRB bandwidth for QPSK modulation





# Wallops CDAS Backups

- WBU, Goddard Space Flight Center, MD
  - GOES 13-15 series backup for GOES East
  - Secondary DCS Pilot 401.7MHz transmits 24/7
- Fairbanks CDAS
  - GOES 13-15 series backup for GOES West
- Backup DADDS at NSOF Suitland, MD
- CBU, Fairmont, WV
  - GOES R series backup for GOES East & West

## **NOAA GOES DCS Data Services**

The OSPO provides GOES DCS ground system support at two facilities; the prime system is at the Wallops CDAS while the backup is at the NSOF. Wallops Operations monitors and controls both systems. The DCS supports the following dissemination services:

## DOMSAT

CONUS rebroadcast from Wallops or NSOF

## NWSTG

WMO Header service from Wallops or NSOF DADDS

## LRGS

File sharing service from/with Wallops, EDDN & NSOF DAMS-NT

## LRIT

GOES 13-15 link, DCS data from NSOF DADDS or Wallops LRGS

### HRIT

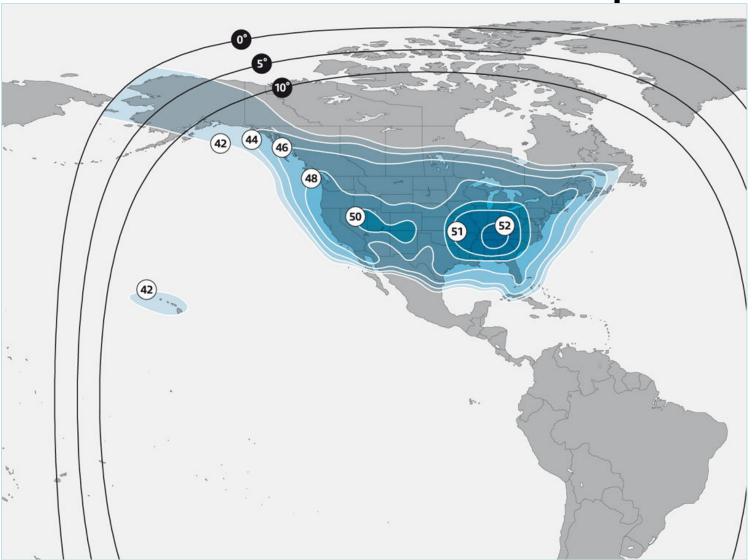
GOES R Series link, DCS data from Wallops or NSOF DADDS



## NOAA DCS DOMSAT

- Wallops CDAS, VA is Prime and NSOF Suitland, MD is Backup
- Conus Coverage
- Annual cost for Wallops and NSOF backup site ≈ \$15k
  - Funded by the OSPO
- Current Period of Performance: May 16, 2017 to May 15, 2018
- Current Satellite, SES-1
  - Circuit# 8819
  - Located at 101° W
  - Ku Transponder 16K
  - 12033.80 MHz (effective 11 April, 2017)
  - Horizontal Linear Polarization

# SES-1 Ku-Band Footprint



# DCS National Weather Service Telecommunication Gateway (NWSTG)

- Approximately 86% of the DCS messages processed are embedded with a WMO header and then sent to the NWSTG for distribution
- Wallops and NSOF systems are both providing DCS data to the Gateway.
   This, in theory, enables the Gateway to select which stream to disseminate, with the default being Wallops is Prime.
- Recent changes to the Gateway have introduced delays in Wallops requests to have them select the desired data stream. NOAA is revisiting the original configuration that enabled Wallops to direct the desired site stream to the Gateway as opposed to requesting that they make configuration changes.
- Data customers using the NWSTG are largely unknown.

# **NOAA LRGS Configuration**

- NOAA Wallops CDAS hosts 3 LRGS,
  - CDADATA:
    - LRGS Address; cdadata.wcda.noaa.gov
    - DRGS input from Wallops East & West DAMS NT demodulator applications, Primary & Backup
    - DDS Primary is CDABACKUP, DDS Backup is EDDN1 then NLRGS1
  - CDABACKUP:
    - LRGS Address; <u>cdabackup.wcda.noaa.gov</u>
    - DRGS input from Wallops East & West DAMS NT demodulator applications, Primary & Backup
    - DDS Primary is EDDN2, DDS Backup is EDDN 1 then NSOF LRGS 2
  - DROT:
    - LRGS Address; cdadrot.wcda.noaa.gov
    - DOMSAT receive input from the 1.8m antenna system, useful for DOMSAT troubleshooting
    - No Backup ingests so that DOMSAT data outages can be monitored
- NOAA Suitland NSOF hosts 2 LRGS,
  - NLRGS1:
    - LRGS Address; <u>nlrgs1.noaa.gov</u>
    - DRGS input from NSOF East & West DAMS NT demodulator applications, Primary & Backup
    - DDS Receive Primary is EDDN1, DDS Receive Backup is CDADATA
  - NLRGS2:
    - LRGS Address; <u>nlrgs2.noaa.gov</u>
    - DRGS input from NSOF East & West DAMS NT demodulator applications, Primary & Backup
    - DDS Receive Primary is CDABACKUP, DDS Receive Backup is EDDN2



# **NOAA LRGS Support**

- The Wallops CDAS monitors and maintains NOAA LRGS Network
- The LRGSs can be monitored through "LRGS Summary Status" web page, available through the DADDS webservers 1-4:
  - https://dcsX.noaa.gov
     LRGS Status
     https://dcsX.noaa.gov/lrgs/LrgsSummaryStatus.html
- The Emergency Data Distribution Network's (EDDN) 3 LRGSs can also be monitored through the LRGS Summary Status:
  - https://eddn.usgs.gov/lrgs/LrgsSummaryStatus.html
- CDADATA and CDABACKUP LRGSs provide GOES LRIT backup source.

# **LRGS Summary Status**



### LRGS Summary Status

UTC: August 30, 2017 12:31:41 (Day 242)

Host Name	Status Time	LRGS Status	Primary Downlink Status	Primary Quality Last Hour	Aggregate Quality Last Hour	Msgs This Hour	Num DDS Clients	ILEX LRGS Version
cdadata.wcda.noaa.gov	08/30 12:31:25	OK	DRGS:Active	99.39%	99.39%	18933	76	9.1
cdabackup.wcda.noaa.gov	08/30 12:31:12	OK	DRGS:Active	99.4%	99.4%	18798	40	9.1
cdadrot.wcda.noaa.gov	08/30 12:31:15	OK	DOMSAT:Active	99.53%	99.53%	18725	12	9.1
nlrgs1.noaa.gov	08/30 12:28:39	OK	DRGS:Active	99.33%	99.33%	17404	5	9.1
nlrgs2.noaa.gov	08/30 12:29:53	OK	DRGS:Active	99.33%	99.33%	18177	5	9.1
lrgseddn1.cr.usgs.gov	08/30 12:31:19	OK	DDS:Active	99.4%	99.4%	18866	97	9.1
lrgseddn2.cr.usgs.gov	08/30 12:31:20	OK	DDS:Active	99.4%	99.4%	18922	31	9.1
lrgseddn3.cr.usgs.gov	08/30 12:31:15	OK	DDS:Active	99.41%	99.41%	18810	72	9.1

# **LRGS Monitor Page**

LRGS: cdadata.wcda.noaa.gov

UTC: August 30, 2017 12:33:27 (Day 242) (Time reported by LRGS) System Status: Running LRGS Version: 9.1.0penDCS-6.3w RC12 (May 22, 2017)

				Archive Stat	istics				
Messages In Storage: 25223923 Oldest Msg Time: 07/30 23:59:56						Next Idx #: 435464			
				Hourly Data Collect	ion Statistics				
	Hour: GOES DRGS (Good/ParErr): DDS Recv (Good/ParErr): Archived (Good/ParErr):	5-6 74039 / 396 34596 / 227 34587 / 217	6-7 73749 / 374 34437 / 205 34473 / 197	7-8 73254 / 368 34272 / 203 34237 / 195	8-9 73429 / 440 34308 / 244 34314 / 239	9-10 73624 / 362 34426 / 193 34417 / 183	10-11 73011 / 372 34089 / 191 34126 / 181	11-12 72778 / 400 33921 / 230 34008 / 220	12-13 43020 / 214 20254 / 131 20203 / 121
				Downlink Sta	tistics				
DRGS:Microcom-DRG DRGS:Microcom-DRG	DDS:CDA-BACKUP		Last Msg Rev Time  08/30 12:33:27  08/30 12:33:27  08/30 12:33:27  08/30 12:33:27  08/30 12:33:26  08/29 06:06:33  (none)  Client Statist		Last Seq Num 27796 27586 20293 20218 -1 -1 -1		Link Status Connected Connected Connected Connected Real-Time Ready Disconnected		Link Params  Primary  Primary  Primary
<b>Slot</b> 0 1	Host Name - -	User onthyd mtwatr	Λ	<b>Asg Count</b> 3 1	Last Acti 08/30 1 08/30 1	2:33:27 2:33:14	08/30 1 08/30 1	<b>Isg Time</b> 12:27:31 12:27:49	Status running running
2 3 4 5		cened1 ftsinc1 onthyd yukoaa		0 60 13747 49	08/30 1 08/30 1 08/30 1 08/30 1	2:33:26 2:33:27	08/30 12:29:22 08/30 12:33:25 08/30 12:33:22 08/30 07:19:11		running running running running

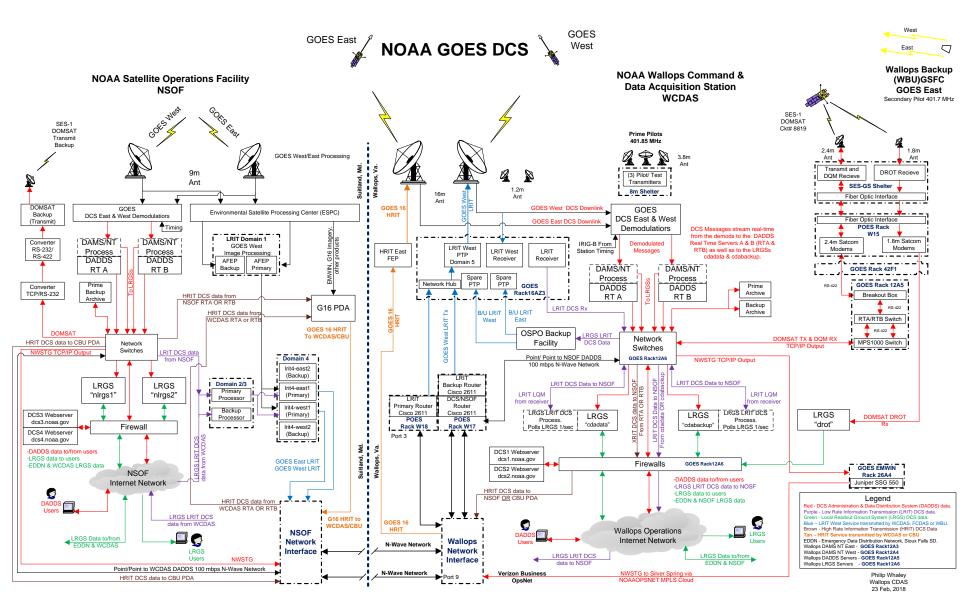


# Low Rate Information Transmission (LRIT) &

## **High Rate Information Transmission (HRIT)**

- GOES East & West DCS data is provided by the DADDS for inclusion in the GOES West LRIT broadcast; Wallops LRGSs provide backup data sources.
- GOES East & West DCS data is provided by the DADDS for inclusion in the GOES East HRIT broadcast.
- GOES LRIT & HRIT coverage extends well beyond the CONUS coverage offered by DOMSAT.
- GOES LRIT and HRIT services can be supported by a 1m to 1.2m receive antenna system.







## **DADDS Webservers 1 - 4**



- Help Desk
  24/7 Operations
- >> System Information
- >> Program Information
- >>> DADDS File Downloads 08/30/2017 11:30 UTC pdts\_compressed.txt chans by baud.txt
- Wallops Webservers dcs1.noaa.gov dcs2.noaa.gov
- >> NSOF Webservers dcs3.noaa.gov dcs4.noaa.gov
- >> LRGS Status
- >> LRGS Deadlines
  Password Implementation:
  August 9, 2016
  SHA-256 Implementation:
  August 17, 2016



## **DADDS Webservers System Information**



#### Operational Notices 06/12/2017 15:58 UTC

## >> Help Desk 24/7 Operations

#### >> System Information

- >> Program Information
- » DADDS File Downloads 08/30/2017 11:30 UTC pdts\_compressed.txt chans\_by\_baud.txt
- >> Wallops Webservers dcs1.noaa.gov dcs2.noaa.gov
- » NSOF Webservers dcs3.noaa.gov dcs4.noaa.gov
- >> LRGS Status
- >> LRG\$ Deadlines Password Implementation: August 9, 2016 SHA-256 Implementation: August 17, 2016

#### Related Links

- >> Satellite Conference 2015
- >> DCS Newsletter Dec. 2013
- >> Satellite Operations

## DCS Administration and Data Distribution System (DADDS)

NOAA's System for Managing and Providing Access to Data from GOES DCS

### DADDS System Information

- · Frequently Asked Question (PDF) 2012
- · Web Interface User's Guide (PDF) 2011
- . DAPS Parameters & SHEF Codes (PDF) 2005
- NOAA DCS System (PDF) Aug 2013

#### Certification Information

- GOES DCS Certified Manufacturers List (PDF) Feb 2014
- GOES DCS Certification Standards, Version 2.0/CS2 (PDF) Jun 2009
- GOES DCS Certification Standards, Version 1.0B/CS1 (PDF) Mar 2000
- International User Guide & Certification Standards (PDF) Oct 2009
- GOES DCS Certification Standards, 100BPS -RETIRED- (PDF) Feb 2000
- . NOAA Policy on Use of Certified Transmitters (PDF) May 2011

#### System Diagrams

- NOAA DCS System (PDF) Nov 2015
- . GOES DCS Pilot System (PDF) Jan 2016

#### General Information

- GOES 13/14 Frequency Offset Analysis (PDF) Aug 2009
- · Final DCS Filter Study Report, Rev. C (PDF) Jan 2006
- GOES High Data Rate Transition Plan Mar 2004
- GOES-13 DCPI and DCPR Technical Updates 2006
- GOES DCS System Characterization Report (PDF) Jun 1998
- . GOES DCS Operations Plan (FCM-P28-1997) (PDF) Aug 1997
- DAPS User's Telnet/Dail-in Manual Sept 1990
- DROT User Manual Apr 1991
- · Old DROT Maintenance Manual Apr 1991
- HDR Flyer-GOES DCS High Data Rate Transition Ended May 2013

#### GOES DCS Channels

- GOES CS1 Channel Frequencies (PDF) Mar 2000
- . GOES CS2 Channel Frequencies (PDF) Jun 2009
- · International DCS Channel Definition (PDF) Oct 2009
- . GOES DCS Pilot System (PDF) Jun 2013

#### Program Information

- DCS Program Information N/A
- . DCS Policies and Procedures (PDF) May 1998
- . GOES DCS System Use Agreement (PDF) N/A
- NOAA Technical Memo NESDIS 40 (PDF) Mar 1994
- . DCS TWG Meeting Minutes N/A

#### LRG\$ Information

- LRGS Client User's Guide (PDF) Feb 2016
- LRGS Client Software Download Feb 2016
- DCP Data Service (DDS) Protocol Specification



# NOAA Wallops CDAS Support Phone Numbers

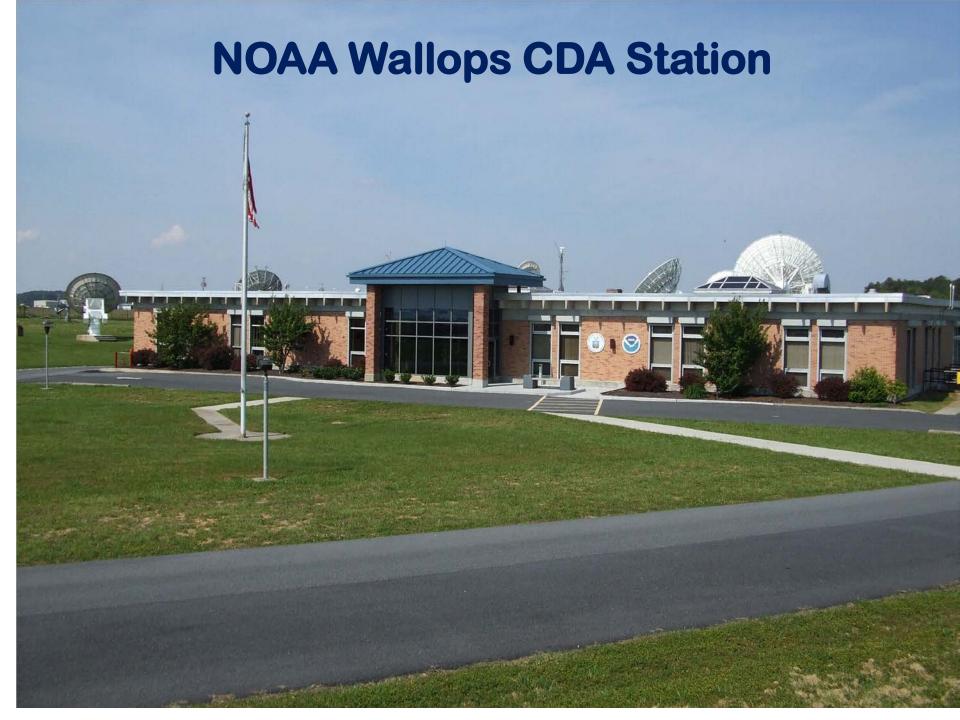
- Wallops Help Desk: 757-824-7450 or 757-824-7451
  - > 24/7 Technical Support for DCS, LRGS, LRIT, HRIT
- Travis Thornton: 757-824-7304
  - Operations Shift Supervisor and DCS Operations Lead
- Albert McMath: 757-824-7316
  - Wallops CDAS Operations Branch Chief
- Philip Whaley: 757-824-7316
  - Systems Engineering Branch support for GOES Systems
  - NOAA DCPRS Certification Official



# **Acronyms**

- NOAA: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
  - Office/Agency of the Department of Commerce.
- **NESDIS**: National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service
  - Line office of NOAA
- OSPO: Office of Satellite and Product Operations
  - Suitland MD, Wallops VA, Fairbanks AK, College Park MD
- NSOF: NOAA Satellite Operations Facility, Suitland, MD
- WCDAS: Wallops Command and Data Acquisition Station, VA
- **FCDAS**: Fairbanks Command and Data Acquisition Station, AK
- WBU: Wallops Backup, Goddard Space Flight Center, MD
- CBU: Consolidated Backup Facility, Fairmont, WV
- DADDS: Data Collection System (DCS) Administration & Data Distribution System
- DRGS: Direct Readout Ground System
- LRGS: Local Readout Ground System
- LRIT: Low Rate Information Transmission, GOES 13, 14 & 15 broadcast
- HRIT: High Rate Information Transmission, GOES R Series (G16)
- **NWSTG**: National Weather Service Telecommunications Gateway





## **DCP Test Channels**

- GOES East
  - 300bps
    - 195E for CS1 & CS2 (401.99200 MHz)
  - 1200bps
    - A99 for CS1, 497 for CS2 (401.99575 MHz)
      - Incompatible with CS2-needs to move
- GOES West
  - 300bps
    - 196W for CS1 & CS2 (401.99350 MHz)
  - 1200bps
    - A100 for CS1, 499 for CS2 (401.99875 MHz)



# Abnormal Response Messages (ARM) Or Information Messages (IM)

- 'G': Good Message also transmitted with all messages except '?' and 'M'.
- '?': Parity Error(s).
- 'A': Correctable address
- 'N' : PDT Incomplete
- 'T': Overlapping time error. A message was outside of, but overlapping its window.
- 'U': Non-overlapping time error. Message completely out of its defined window.
- 'W' : Wrong channel
- 'M': A self-timed message was not received at all, received on wrong channel, not completely inside a window or an overlapping window.
- 'B': Non-correctable: Available on the DADDS Website message data. Messages with bad addresses are not disseminated.
- 'I': Invalid address. Available on the DADDS Website message data. Messages invalid addresses are not disseminated.



# DCS Message Statistics

## 11083215414G48+2NN167EFF

- YYDDDHHMMSS Time: YYDDDHHMMSS (Frame Sync)
- T Type: G = Good ? = Parity Errors (ARM)
- SS Signal Strength: dBm EIRP (assumes 47 dBmi Pilot)
  - > 25 to 56 dBm nominal demod reception thresholds
- ±X Frequency: Sign & Digit (±F times 50 Hz)
- M Modulation Index (Phase): Normal, High, Low
- D Data Quality (Phase): Normal, Fair, Poor